code	Course Name L-T-	P Credits	Year Introdu	
CS409	CRYPTOGRAPHY AND NETWORK SECURITY 3	-0-0-3	2010	6
Course Ob	jectives:			
	introduce fundamental concepts of symmetric and asyr	nmetric cipł	ner models.	
	introduce fundamental concepts of authentication.			
• To i	introduce network security and web security protocols.	TAN	A	
Syllabus:	AT ABDUL M	LAN	V 1	
	Cipher Models - Differential and linear Cryptan			
	Primitive operations- Key expansions- Inverse C			
	hy Systems - Authentication functions- Messag			
	Digital signatures- Authentication protocols- Netw ket Layer and Transport layer Security- Secure electron			
Expected (			JII – Pilewall	15.
	its will be able to :			
	nmarize different classical encryption techniques			
	ntify mathematical concepts for different cryptograph	U	s	
	nonstrate cryptographic algorithms for encryption/key			
	nmarize different authentication and digital signature s			.1.
	ntify security issues in network, transport and a propriate security protocols	application	layers and	outline
Text Books				
	3.			
I. Beh	rouz A. Forouzan, Cryptography and Network Securi	tv. Tata Mc <b>(</b>	Graw-Hill. 2	010
	rouz A. Forouzan, Cryptography and Network Securi liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F			
2. Wil	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F			
2. Wil	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F	earson Educ	cation, 2014	
2. Wil References 1. B. S	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm	earson Educ	cation, 2014	
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm J, Wiley, 1995.	Pearson Educ	cation, 2014	
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo	Pearson Educ	cation, 2014	
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2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn 2. Cha	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo Course Plan	Pearson Educ	cation, 2014 ce Code in C PHI, 2002	2, 2 nd End Sem.
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo	Pearson Educ	cation, 2014	C, 2 nd End Sem. Exam
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn 2. Cha	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm , Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo Course Plan Contents	Pearson Educ as, and Source ork Security,	cation, 2014 ce Code in C PHI, 2002 Hours	E, 2 nd End Sem. Exam
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn 2. Cha	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm a, Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo Course Plan Contents Symmetric Cipher Models- Substitution techniques-	Pearson Educ ork Security, Transpositi	cation, 2014 ce Code in C PHI, 2002 Hours on	E, 2 nd End Sem. Exam
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn 2. Cha Module	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier , Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm , Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo Course Plan Contents Symmetric Cipher Models- Substitution techniques- techniques- Rotor machines-Steganography. Simplifie	Pearson Educ s, and Sourc ork Security, Transpositi ed DES- Blo	cation, 2014 ce Code in C PHI, 2002 Hours on ck	End Sem. Exam Marks
2. Wil References 1. B. S Edn 2. Cha	liam Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security, F Schneier, Applied Cryptography, Protocols, Algorithm , Wiley, 1995. arlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman, Mike Speciner, Netwo Course Plan Contents Symmetric Cipher Models- Substitution techniques- techniques- Rotor machines-Steganography. Simplifie Cipher principles- The Data Encryption Standard, Str	Pearson Educ s, and Source ork Security, Transpositi ed DES- Blo ength of DE	cation, 2014 ce Code in C PHI, 2002 Hours on ck S- 7	E, 2 nd End Sem. Exam
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III	Public key Cryptography: - Principles of Public key Cryptography Systems, Number theory- Fundamental Theorem of arithmetic, Fermat's Theorem, Euler's Theorem, Euler's Totient Function, Extended Euclid's Algorithm, Modular arithmetic. RSA algorithm- Key Management - Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, Elliptic curve cryptography Authentication requirements- Authentication functions- Message	7	15 %		
IV	authentication requirements rutinentication runerous message authentication codes- Hash functions- SHA -1, MD5, Security of Hash functions and MACs- Authentication protocols-Digital signatures-Digital signature standards.	7	15 %		
SECOND INTERNAL EXAM					
V	Network security: Electronic Mail Security: Pretty good privacy- S/MIME. IP Security: Architecture- authentication Header- Encapsulating Security payload- Combining Security associations- Key management.	7	20 %		
VI	Web Security: Web Security considerations- secure Socket Layer and Transport layer Security- Secure electronic transaction. Firewalls-Packet filters- Application Level Gateway- Encrypted tunnels.	7	20 %		

## END SEM<mark>ES</mark>TER EXAM

- Question Paper Pattern (End semester exam)
- 1. There will be *FOUR* parts in the question paper A, B, C, D
- 2. Part A
  - a. Total marks: 40
  - b. *TEN* questions, each have 4 marks, covering all the SIX modules (*THREE* questions from modules I & II; *THREE* questions from modules III & IV; *FOUR* questions from modules V & VI). *All* questions have to be answered.

## 3. Part B

- a. Total marks: 18
- b. *THREE* questions, each having 9 marks. One question is from module I; one question is from module II; one question *uniformly* covers modules I & II.
- c. Any TWO questions have to be answered.
- d. Each question can have *maximum THREE* subparts.

## 4. Part C

- a. Total marks : 18
- b. *THREE* questions, each having 9 marks. One question is from module III; one question is from module IV; one question *uniformly* covers modules III & IV.
- c. Any TWO questions have to be answered.
- d. Each question can have *maximum THREE* subparts.

## 5. Part D

- a. Total marks : 24
- b. *THREE* questions, each having 12 marks. One question is from module V; one question is from module VI; one question *uniformly* covers modules V & VI.
- c. Any TWO questions have to be answered.
- d. Each question can have *maximum THREE* subparts.
- 6. There will be *AT LEAST* 60% analytical/numerical questions in all possible combinations of question choices.